

London Councils' Transport and Environment Committee

Additional Parking Charges Item No: 12

Report by:	Andrew Luck	Job title:	Transport Manager		
Date:	8 December 2016				
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Summary:	This report details the proposal by the London Borough of Enfield (LB Enfield) to amend the penalty charge banding from Band B to Band A across the borough.				
Recommendation	Consider the Enfield	sider the proposal to change the penalty banding in the LB eld e the proposed implementation date for the change of 1 April			

Introduction

- 1. Under the provisions set out in the Traffic Management Act 2004 (Schedule 9), which repealed similar provisions in the Road Traffic Act 1991, London Councils' Transport and Environment Committee is responsible, subject to agreement by the Mayor of London and the Secretary of State, for setting additional parking charges on borough roads. These additional parking charges include:
 - penalties for contraventions of parking regulations including any surcharges or discounts;
 - release from wheel clamps;
 - removals from the street;
 - storage charges and disposal fees
- 2. The discount payment rate for early payment has been set at 50%. The amount of any surcharge has not changed since this was set at 50% by Schedule 6(6)(1) of the Road Traffic Act 1991.
- 3. The Committee has reviewed the level of additional parking charges regularly since 1992, when they were first set. The Committee undertook a major review of the charges during

2006 which led to the introduction of differential penalty levels, and again in 2010 where there was an increase in the penalty levels for the more serious contraventions. The current on- and off- street parking penalty charges are as follows:

	Higher Level	Lower Level
Band A	£130	£80
Band B	£110	£60

- 4. The current London banding map can be seen in appendix 2. Band A areas have traditionally been focussed in Central London and urban centres where the pressures on parking and congestion are often greatest. Band B areas have historically concentrated in outer London where pressures on parking are not as significant. However, due to issues with non-compliance, some outer London authorities with higher density parking and significant controlled parking zones have become Band A areas. Higher level penalties apply to contraventions which are considered more serious, such as parking on yellow lines or where an obstruction is caused. Lower level penalties apply generally where parking is permitted but the regulations are contravened, such as overstaying on a pay and display bay.
- 5. London Councils has no current plans for another London-wide review of the additional parking charges and are not aware of any Government plans for a review of the penalty levels for the rest of the United Kingdom.

Guidance on Additional Parking Charges

- 6. Under the Traffic Management Act 2004 the Secretary of State produced guidance, to which all authorities must have regard. This document is called the Secretary of State's Statutory Guidance to Local Authorities on the Civil Enforcement of Parking Contraventions ("the Statutory Guidance") and states that; "The primary purpose of penalty charges is to encourage compliance with parking restrictions. In pursuit of this, enforcement authorities should adopt the lowest charge level consistent with a high level of public acceptability and compliance." (Para. 4.1).
- 7. It is also the Committee's policy that additional parking charges should be set in such a way as to produce a coherent pattern of policy across London.

LB Enfield Proposals for Change

- 8. LB Enfield is proposing to change from Band B to Band A across the whole borough (see appendix 1). They currently operate 20 controlled parking zones (CPZs) as well as loading and waiting restrictions outside of the CPZs. They have indicated that despite deploying a robust parking and traffic enforcement regime, which includes the presence of Civil Enforcement Officers (CEOs) on foot, on mopeds and in mobile enforcement units such as removal trucks as well as a network of over forty strategically deployed CCTV cameras, the borough continues to experience high levels of non-compliance with its parking regulations.
- 9. The table contained within appendix 1 indicates that between 2010-11 and 2015-16 the number of on street parking Penalty Charge Notices (PCNs) has increased from 80,947 to 93,536 which equates to a 15.6% increase. In London as a whole during this period there

has been a decrease in PCNs issued of 20.1%, clearly indicating that LB Enfield are bucking the overall trend in London.

- 10. LB Enfield has stated that the neighbouring boroughs of LB Haringey and LB Waltham Forest had similar issues with compliance until banding changes (from Band B to Band A in the whole of the two boroughs) were approved by the committee in 2012. LB Waltham Forest has seen a significant decrease in parking PCNs from 99,397 in 2012-13 to 67,320 in 2015-16, a fall of 47.6%. LB Haringey has seen a reduction in the same period of 44.7%.
- 11. LB Enfield has stated that it will see a significant population growth over the next 15 years as housing and regeneration projects take place. This growth will lead to an increase in traffic and congestion on borough roads which could have a negative impact in public transport travel times. With the Cycle Enfield project planning to provide a safe and convenient network of cycle routes and segregated cycle lanes, LB Enfield believe that it is essential to improve compliance with its parking regulations and banding changes have been proven method to achieve this.
- 12. LB Enfield have also stated that the recent Central Government change reducing the use CCTV cameras used for parking contraventions under the Deregulation Act 2015 has presented an increased risk of potential non-compliance. LB Enfield believes that some of this risk can be countered with an increase in the penalty band which increases the deterrent.
- 13. It is TEC's policy that the boundaries between areas of different penalty bands are clearly demarcated; this is to avoid the possibility of having different bands on opposing sides of the same road. LB Enfield has boundaries with LB Haringey, LB Waltham Forest and LB Barnet. There are also boundaries with the Borough of Broxbourne, Epping Forest District Council, Hertsmere Borough Council and Welwyn Hatfield Borough Council (see appendix 3). There are no boundary issues with the non-London boroughs as they do not share a highway. There are no boundary issues with LB Haringey or LB Waltham Forest as they are already Band A. There are a couple of boundary issues with LB Barnet and these are listed below:
 - Cat Hill to the east of Preston Gardens has a central border (i.e. the boundary runs down the centre of the road) with LB Barnet. Therefore Cat Hill will need to remain Band B.
 - Chase Side from the junction with Green Road until the junction with Chelmsford Road has a central border with LB Barnet. This would need to remain Band B.

Timetable for Implementation

14. Any changes to penalty levels agreed by the Committee need the approval of the Mayor. If the Mayor agrees the changes the Secretary of State has 28 days to exercise a veto over any changes. The committees' decisions will be formulated into a set of proposals to be presented to the Mayor of London for approval. If approved, they will be presented to the Secretary of State for Transport for his consideration in the New Year. The boroughs involved would then need to advertise their proposed changes for at least three weeks prior to implementation. From previous experience, this process takes around three months in total, and so London Councils propose an implementation date of 1 April 2017.

Financial Implications

15. There are no financial implications for London Councils arising from this report.

Legal Implications

16. There are no legal implications for London Councils or the boroughs arising from this report. However, members may wish to note the decision on penalties is taken by London Councils' TEC on behalf of boroughs for borough roads, and by TfL for GLA roads. The TfL member of London Councils' TEC may not take part in the proceedings of the borough decision (see Reg. 24 of the Civil Enforcement Parking Contravention Regulations 2007).

Equalities Implications

17. There are no equality implications for the boroughs or London Councils arising from this report.

Recommendations: The Committee is asked to:

- Consider the proposal to change the penalty banding in the LB Enfield
- Note the proposed implementation date for the change of 1 April 2017.

Appendices

- Appendix 1: LB Enfield application to change the banding level from Band B to Band A.
- Appendix 2: Existing on and off street penalty charge bands

Appendix 3: Map of LB Enfield showing boundaries with neighbouring boroughs.





Mr N Lester-Davis London Council's 59½ Southwark Street London SE1 0AL Please reply to : David Morris E-mail : david.morris@enfield.gov.uk

> My Ref: Your Ref: Date: 20 September 2016

Dear Nick,

PCN Banding Change

Background

As you know may recall we have received political approval to apply for increasing the PCNs issued in the borough from Band B to Band A. Therefore, could you please take this letter as a formal application to the Traffic Enforcement Committee.

The change of PCN bands from B to band A is considered essential to act as an effective deterrent and to reduce the number of vehicles parking in contravention.

Over the past 5 years effective enforcement of parking and traffic restrictions has not seen any significant reduction in the number of PCNs being issued.

Year	On-Street	Off Street	Total
2010-11	80,947	4,479	85,426
2011-12	81,545	5,338	86,883
2012-13	79,887	4,463	84,350
2013-14	89,413	4,676	94,089
2014-15	95322	4,047	99,369
2015-16	93,536	3,233	96,769

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Existing controls

The Council operates 20 Controlled Parking Zones (CPZs) across the borough. Waiting and loading restrictions also apply in many locations outside CPZs. Planning policy is also used to minimise additional parking pressures arising from developments in some areas.

The Council's enforcement regime consists of Civil Enforcement Officers (CEOs) deployed on mopeds, mobile enforcement units and on foot. In addition we use a network of over 40 CCTV cameras that are strategically placed to enforce a range of parking and traffic contraventions across the borough. We also deploy three mobile CCTV units daily and operate well established removal operations.

Despite those measures, and deploying a robust parking and traffic enforcement regime, the borough continues to experience high levels of noncompliance with its parking regulations.

Boundary comparisons

The London Boroughs of Haringey and Waltham Forest have already successfully applied to London Council's to implement Band A PCNs to help with their parking and traffic enforcement and have shown significant reductions in non-compliance.

The Council is also aware of the need to enforce the south of the borough near the borough boundary with Haringey during the match-days of Tottenham Hotspur Football Club. This requires extensive traffic management and enforcement.

All other major event stadiums in London already operate at Band A level in their surrounding areas. This includes Tottenham Hotspur (the Haringey area), the Emirates in Islington, Stamford Bridge in Hammersmith and Fulham, Wembley Stadium in Brent and also the Millennium Dome in Greenwich.

The failure to address the current issue of non-compliance will only result in even greater pressure on the road network, including residential streets in the very near future. Waltham Forest applied to London Councils for a PCN banding change to the south of the borough in 2009. Approval was granted by London Councils and was subsequently implemented in 2010.

During 2010/11, the first year of issuing Band A PCNs, the area saw a reduction of just under 9000 PCNs compared to 2009/10. During the same period, the north of the borough (where Band B PCNs were still being issued) saw an increase of 5000 PCNs.

Since April 2013, the London Borough of Waltham Forest has also issued all PCNs using the Band A tariff. They experienced a 3.3% drop in the number of PCNs issued in 2013/14 compared to 2012/13. Comparing the first quarter figures 2013/14 with 2014/15, they saw a 31% reduction in PCNs

The London Borough of Haringey introduced a band change on 1 October 2013. In the first 10 months of operation it resulted in a reduction of PCNs being issued from 14.953 to 10,186. That represented a reduction of 32%.

Conclusion

The government introduced the Deregulation Act which restricted the Council's use of CCTV for some parking contraventions. This has presented a risk that of increased non-compliance, which we believe needs to be countered with an increase in the penalty charge band. Enfield has already seen an increase in PCNs that would have been issued by CCTV before the ban which are now being enforced by Civil Enforcement Officers.

Parking enforcement, whilst highly contentious, is an essential element of improved road safety for all road users in the borough. Bus lane enforcement facilitates the use of alternative, greener transport, as does the enforcement of restrictions in cycle lanes. It also reduces the travelling and response times of emergency services vehicles

Over the coming years Enfield will see a growth in population and employment due to the number of regeneration projects taking place. This growth will lead to more traffic, increasing stress on the boroughs main roads, increasing journey times, worsening bus reliability. In addition, the Council has been successful in attracting £27m of funding from Transport for London to transform cycling in the borough. Over the next 5 years our Cycle Enfield project will provide a network of safe and convenient cycle routes, including segregated cycle lanes on many of our main roads. Improved compliance will be essential to successfully increase the level of cycling in the Borough. Moving PCN's from band A to band B will support this objective.

Recommendation

London Council's Transport and Environment Committee is recommended to agree changing Enfield Councils Band B Penalty Charge band to Band A in order to achieve the goals outlined above.

Yours sincerely

David Morris Head of Parking Services



Existing on-street penalty charge bands



Existing off-street penalty charge bands



